

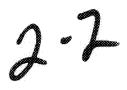
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COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO DEPARTMENT OF PLANNING AND BUILDING STAFF REPORT

PLANNING COMMISSION

CONTACT/PHONE MEETING DATE **APPLICANT** FILE NO. May 12, 2005 Brian Pedrotti (805)788-2788 Caroline Seiera G030009M SUBJECT Request by Caroline Sejera for 1) an amendment to the South County (Inland) Area Plan of the Land Use Element by changing the land use category on an approximately 1.5-acre portion of a 30-acre parcel from Agriculture to Residential Rural, 2) an amendment to the Agriculture and Open Space Element land use map by changing the land use designation from Agriculture to Large Lot Rural, and 3) an amendment to Title 22, Section 22.112.020F to add planning area standards relative to future divisions. The site is located on the east side of Highway 101, approximately 1,400 feet north of the Los Berros/Thompson Road highway interchange. The site is in the South County (Inland) planning area. RECOMMENDED ACTION Recommend to the Board of Supervisors: Adoption of the Negative Declaration in accordance with the applicable provisions of the California Environmental 1. Quality Act. Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seg. Approval of this general plan amendment as shown in the attached Exhibits G030009M:A, B and C based on the 2. recommended findings contained in this report. **ENVIRONMENTAL DETERMINATION** The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Mitigated Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seg., and CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seg.) has been issued on April 7, 2005 for this project. Mitigation measures are proposed to address aesthetics, agriculture, biological resources, cultural resources, hazards/hazardous materials, noise, public services/utilities, transportation, wastewater, water and land use and future development will be subject to these mitigation measures. LAND USE CATEGORY COMBINING DESIGNATION ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER SUPERVISOR DISTRICT(S) 090-042-017 Agriculture None ① ② ③ **0** ⑤ All PLANNING AREA STANDARDS: 22.112.040 Areawide standards - County and Residential Rural EXISTING USES: Undeveloped SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES: East: Residences (Residential Rural) North: Row crop production (Agriculture) South: Highway 101 (Residential Rural) West: Residences (Agriculture) OTHER AGENCY / ADVISORY GROUP INVOLVEMENT: The project was referred to: Public Works, Environmental Health, Agriculture Commissioner, APCD, CDF, County Parks and Recreation, CalTrans, Nipomo Community Service District, Nipomo Community Advisory Council TOPOGRAPHY: VEGETATION: Gently sloping to steeply sloping Oak woodland, forbs PROPOSED SERVICES: AUTHORIZATION DATE: January 27, 2004 Water supply: On-site well Sewage Disposal: Individual on-site septic system

Fire Protection: California Department of Forestry



PROJECT HISTORY

On January 27, 2004, the Board of Supervisors authorized the processing of the applicant's request to 1) amend the South County Area Plan of the Land Use Element by changing the land use on an approximately 1.5-acre portion of a 30-acre parcel from Agriculture to Residential Rural; and 2) amend the Agriculture and Open Space Element land use map from Agriculture to Large Lot Rural. The site is located on the east side of Highway 101, approximately 1,400 feet north of the Los Berros/Thompson Road highway interchange. The purpose of the request is to allow the site to be subdivided into residential parcels.

Proposed Area Plan Standards

To be consistent with the allowable uses in the immediate area and address development concerns, planning area standards will be included as part of the general plan/ordinance amendment. (Exhibit G030009M:B). These standards address reports and design issues that are required at the time of land division application submittal.

AUTHORITY

Land Use Element Amendment

The Land Use Element sets forth the authority by which the General Plan can be amended. The following factors should be considered by the Commission and the Board in making their decision, pursuant to the Land Use Element:

- a. Necessity. Relationship to other existing LUE policies, including the guidelines for land use category amendments in Chapter 6 (see Exhibit D), to determine if those policies make the proposed amendment unnecessary or inappropriate.
- **b. Timing.** Whether the proposed change is unnecessary or premature in relation to the inventory of similarly designated land, the amount and nature of similar requests, and the timing of projected growth.
- c. Vicinity. Relationship of the site to the surrounding area to determine if the area of the proposed change should be expanded or reduced in order to consider surrounding physical conditions. These may include resource availability, environmental constraints, and carrying capacity for the area in the evaluation.

Staff Comments - Land Use Element Amendment

The proposed amendment meets these guidelines as set forth in the Land Use Element as the proposed map change is consistent with Guidelines for Land Use Category Amendments, which include: consistency with the existing goals and policies in the general plan, consistency with the applicable purpose and character statements, compatibility with the character of the general area, convenient access to a road system in the area that is adequate to accommodate the traffic generated, whether the site is suitable for on-site sewage disposal and has an adequate groundwater supply, protection of prime agricultural soils, and if the change is needed to provide a sufficient supply of land for the population of the community or area.

Goals of the Land Use Element

Applicable general goals of the Land Use Element include: encourage an urban environment that is an orderly arrangement of building, structures and open space appropriate to the size and scale of development for each community; the identification and



maintenance of important agricultural, natural and other rural areas between cities and communities; and encourage the protection of agricultural land for the production of food, fiber and other agricultural commodities.

Changing the site from Agriculture to Residential Rural will not conflict with the general goals of the general plan. This amendment would not remove land from existing or potential agricultural production because the amendment would change only that small portion of the site not already within the Residential Rural land use category. Soils on the property could support a variety of crops on the more level areas; however, this area is small and adjacent to planned residential development.

Existing Agriculture and Open Space Element Policies

The Agriculture and Open Space Element contains policies on conversion of agricultural lands to non-agricultural uses. The policy discourages the conversion of agricultural land through establishment of urban reserve lines that protect agricultural land and stabilize agriculture at the urban fringe; avoiding the redesignation of land that would create new rural residential development outside of the urban reserve line; and avoiding the location of new public facilities outside of urban reserve lines unless they serve a rural function or there is no alternative location.

In addition, implementation criteria for the conversion policies of the Agriculture and Open Space Element include, but are not limited to, consideration of protection of agricultural land where the land is proposed for conversion in the following priority order: row crop, terrain and soils, specialty crops and forage lands, dry farm lands, and rangelands.

The agricultural capability of land is determined through criteria listed under Agricultural Policy 24 of the Agriculture and Open Space Element. Overall, the site does not fall within these criteria. The project site would meet the soil criteria for an Agriculture designation, however, because of the limited amount of Class II soil and existing parcel configuration, the project site would appear to have restricted feasibility as agriculturally productive land.

There are findings in the Agriculture and Open Space Element for conversion of Agriculture land to non-agriculture designation. The findings are to be made based on a site-specific evaluation. A detailed site evaluation has been completed and the site would meet most of the findings. They are:

- 1. The land does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the Agriculture designation in this plan or the Land Use Element. <u>Response</u>: It appears the primary reason for the Agriculture and Open Space Element designation within the Agriculture category is the existence of a small amount of Class II soil. However, because of the limited amount of the soil, the site appears to have restricted feasibility as agriculturally productive land.
- 2. Agriculture production is not feasible due to some physical constraint or surrounding incompatible land uses. <u>Response</u>: The small amount of Class II soil limits the feasibility of the portion of the site designated Agriculture as productive land.
- 3. Adjacent lands are already substantially developed with uses that are incompatible with agricultural uses. <u>Response</u>: The property to the east and west of the site is currently being developed with residences in the Residential Rural land use category.

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4. Conversion to non-agricultural uses shall not adversely affect existing or potential agricultural production on surrounding lands that will remain designated Agriculture.

Response: Future development of the site requires an agricultural buffer of between 200 – 500 feet to protect the existing agricultural uses to the north.

Impacts to adjacent agricultural lands could result from the proposed general plan amendment. Agricultural Policy 17: Agricultural Buffers, promotes the protection of land in the Agricultural designation using buffers. There is significant existing irrigated row crop production adjacent to the project site. Buffer ranges for irrigated row crops range from 200 to 500 feet.

Purpose and Character Statements

The statements of purpose and character in the Framework for Planning, Part I of the Land Use Element of the general plan, are to be used as criteria for evaluating whether a General Plan amendment is appropriate for a specific site (See Exhibit E). These statements identify suitable features or conditions for the location, extent and timing of designating a land use category.

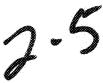
Residential Rural. The purpose statements for the Residential Rural land use category include: to provide for residential development at a low density compatible with a rural character and is compatible with surrounding agricultural uses; to allow limited compatible non-residential uses; to emphasize residential uses in areas where agriculture is clearly a secondary use and agriculture is not feasible; and to encourage agricultural and other open space uses as incidental.

The character of Residential Rural land is described as being: areas of existing small-acreage parcels that are not commercially viable for agriculture, where the average parcel size within any contiguous area is below 19 acres; areas outside urban and village areas; slopes generally less than 30 percent; marginal agricultural soils; rural landscape high in visual quality; areas free of fragile natural resources; and areas where growth will not be premature or conflict with agriculture and light agricultural uses are encouraged.

The site generally meets the purpose and character statements relating to rural character. The purpose and character statements indicate Residential Rural designated lands should be on lands where agriculture is not commercially viable and development would not conflict with surrounding agricultural activities.

Agriculture. The purpose statements for the Agriculture land use category include: to recognize and retain commercial agriculture as a desirable land use, to designate areas where rural residential uses that are not related to agriculture would find agricultural activities a nuisance, or be incompatible, to protect the agricultural basis of the county economy and encourage the open space values of agriculture to continue agricultural uses, to support conversion of agricultural lands to other uses only when such conversion would be appropriate or because the continuing agricultural productivity of a specific site is infeasible, and to give high priority to the protection of commercial and nonprime agricultural soils where the commercial viability, siting, and natural resources allow for agricultural uses.

The character of Agriculture land is described as being: areas of prime agricultural soils and other productive and potentially productive lands, areas for agricultural processing, areas



where existing land uses are mainly truck crops, specialty crops, row and field crops, irrigated crops and pasture, irrigated vineyards and orchards, dry farm orchards and vineyards, dry farm and grain, and grazing, and areas where parcel sizes and ownership patterns are sufficiently large to make agricultural operations economically viable.

The site meets the purpose and character statements relating to agricultural uses. The purpose and character statements indicate Agriculture designated lands should be preserved and protected on lands where agriculture is commercially viable and could be converted to residential uses only when such conversion would be appropriate given the infeasibility of agriculture. The limited amount of Class II soil and the existing parcel configuration restrict the commercial viability of the property.

Land Use Ordinance Amendment

The Land Use Element sets forth the authority by which the Land Use Ordinance can be amended. The following factors shall be considered pursuant to the Land Use Element:

Guidelines for Amendments to Land Use Ordinance

The Land Use Ordinance guides new development so as to be in character with its surroundings and to maintain amenities for living. These principles implement the general goals of the Land Use Element that are stated in Chapter 1.

Development of new or amended Land Use Ordinance standards should be guided by the following principles for implementation of the general plan goals:

- 1. All developments should be designed with maximum consideration of the characteristics of project sites and their surroundings:
 - a. To enhance and achieve full use of special site potentials such as natural terrain, views, vegetation, natural waterways or other features;
 - b. To respect and mitigate (or avoid) special site constraints such as climatic conditions, noise, flooding, slope stability, significant vegetation or ecologically sensitive surroundings:
 - c. To be compatible with present and potential adjacent land uses within the context of the area's urban, suburban or rural character.
- 2. Designs for proposed residential uses should include:
 - a. Provisions for privacy and usable open space;
 - b. Orientation and design features to shelter from prevailing winds and adverse weather, while enabling use of natural light, ventilation and shade.
- 3. All developments should be designed to provide safe vehicular and pedestrian movement, adequate parking for residents, guests, employees and emergency vehicles.



Staff Comments - Land Use Ordinance Amendment

The proposed amendment also meets the guidelines as set forth in the Land Use Element for ordinance amendments. The project will take full advantage and provide maximum consideration of the project site characteristics in that the future subdivisions on the property will incorporate additional information including biological studies, noise studies, and agricultural buffers, and it is in an area that is primarily within the residential land use categories and surrounded by scattered residences.

COMMUNITY ADVISORY GROUP COMMENTS: The project was referred to the Nipomo Community Advisory Council (NCAC). The NCAC recommended approval.

AGENCY REVIEW:

Agricultural Commissioner

The application was referred to the Agricultural Commissioner for review. Their evaluation concluded that implementation of the proposed General Plan Amendment and future subdivision and residential development of the site would not result in incompatibility with adjacent agricultural uses. The Negative Declaration for the project includes mitigation measures for implementation of agricultural buffers, as well as Right-to-Farm disclosure requirements.

Attachments

G020008M:A Map Amendment

G020008M:B Planning Area Standards (Ordinance Amendment)

G020008M:C Ag and Open Space Map Amendment

Exhibit D: Guidelines for Land Use Category Amendments

Exhibit E: Purpose and Character Statements – Rural Residential

Exhibit F: Vicinity Map

Exhibit G: Negative Declaration in accordance with CEQA

Exhibit H: Agricultural Commissioner's Comments



Environmental Determination

A. The Environmental Coordinator, after completion of the initial study, finds that there is no substantial evidence that the project may have a significant effect on the environment, and the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report is not necessary. Therefore, a Mitigated Negative Declaration (pursuant to Public Resources Code Section 21000 et seq., and CA Code of Regulations Section 15000 et seq.) has been issued on April 7, 2005 for this project.

Amendments

- B. The proposed amendments to the Land Use Element and Land Use Ordinance change the land use category from Agriculture to Residential Rural and set standards protect water resources, ensure mitigation of noise impacts, and protect impacts of adjacent agricultural uses through agricultural buffers.
- C. The proposed amendment is consistent with the Land Use Element and other adopted elements of the general plan because the change is consistent with the general goals of the Land Use Element and the applicable policies of the Agriculture and Open Space Element.
- D. The proposed amendment is consistent with the guidelines for amendments to land use categories and the guidelines for amendments to the Land Use Ordinance because the proposal will allow the development to be designed with maximum consideration of the characteristics of the project site and their surrounding, will respect and mitigate (or avoid) special site constraints, is compatible with present and potential adjacent land uses within the context of the area's rural character, and provides for privacy, usable open space and safe vehicular movement.
- E. The proposed amendment will protect the public health, safety and welfare of the area residents by allowing for development that is compatible with the existing development of the surrounding area.

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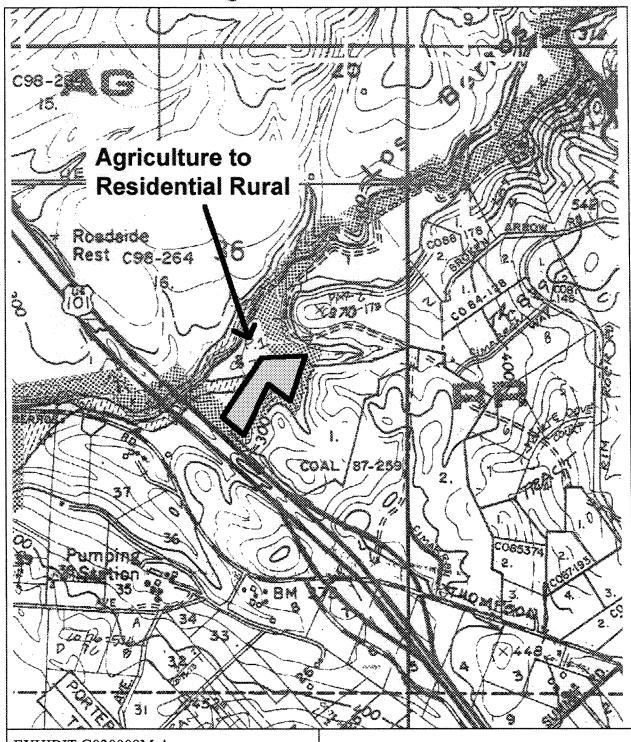


EXHIBIT G030009M:A

INITIATING A PRECISE LAND USE DESIGNATION AS SHOWN ON OFFICIAL LAND USE CATEGORY MAP ON FILE IN THE DEPT. OF PLANNING AND BUILDING

CHANGE FROM AG TO RR

SEJERA GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT



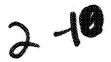
ORDINANCE NO.____

AN ORDINANCE AMENDING TITLE 22 OF THE SAN LUIS OBISPO COUNTY CODE, THE LAND USE ORDINANCE SECTION 22.112.040G RELATING TO THE SEJERA PROPERTY

The Board of Supervisors of the County of San Luis Obispo ordains as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 22.112.040F of the Land Use Ordinance, Title 22 of the San Luis Obispo County Code, is hereby amended by adding new subsection 13 to read as follows and renumbering all figures as necessary:

- 13. Sejera Property. The following standards apply only to land shown in Figure 112-36 at the northeast corner of the intersection of Willow Road and Guadalupe Road.
 - a. Application submittal. At the time of land division application, the applicant shall submit the following information and incorporate the following design standards into the proposed project, in addition to the areawide standards set forth in Subsection F.1:
 - 1. At the time of land division application, the applicant shall clearly delineate the building control lines on the project plans. The building control lines shall be located outside of the 60 dbA or less areas. All new residential development shall be located within the building control lines.
 - 2. At the time of land division application, the applicant shall submit architectural elevations of all proposed structures to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. The elevations shall show exterior finish materials, colors, and height above the existing natural ground surface. Colors shall minimize the structure massing of new development by reducing the contrast between the proposed development and the surrounding environment. Colors shall be compatible with the natural colors of the surrounding environment, including vegetation, rock outcrops, etc.. Darker, non-reflective, earth tone colors shall be selected for walls, chimneys etc. and darker green, grey, slate blue, or brown colors for the roof structures. All structures shall have a maximum building height of 25 feet above natural grade.
 - 3. The design of the proposed land division shall incorporate agriculture buffers within a range of 200 to 500 feet and site design consistent with the County's Agriculture and Open Space Element. Future subdivision



applications shall be referred to the County Department of Agriculture for review and recommendation of the specific agriculture buffer required.

4. At the time of land division application, soil borings at each proposed leach line location showing adequate separation, or if inadequate separation, plans for an engineered wastewater system shall be submitted.

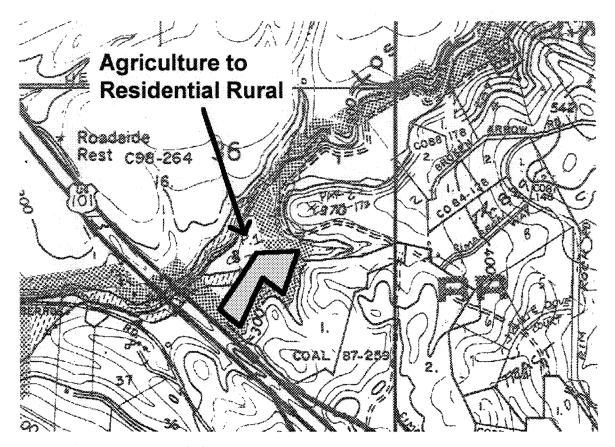
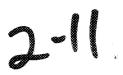


Figure 112-36 - RR - North of Los Berros/Thompson Interchange

SECTION 2. That the Board of Supervisors has considered the initial study prepared and conducted with respect to the matter described above. The Board of Supervisors has, as a result of its consideration, and the evidence presented at the hearings on said matter, determined that the proposed negative declaration as heretofore prepared and filed as a result of the said initial study, is appropriate, and has been prepared and is hereby approved in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act and the County's regulations implementing said Act. The Board of Supervisors, in adopting this ordinance, has taken into account and reviewed and considered the information contained in the negative declaration approved for this project and all comments that were received during the public hearing process. On the basis of the Initial Study and any comments received, there is no substantial evidence that the adoption of this ordinance will have a significant effect on the environment.

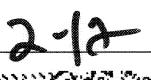
SECTION 3. If any section, subsection, clause, phrase or portion of this ordinance is for any reason held to be invalid or unconstitutional by the decision of a court of competent



jurisdiction, such decision shall not affect the validity or constitutionality of the remaining portion of this ordinance. The Board of Supervisors hereby declares that it would have passed this ordinance and each section, subsection, clause, phrase or portion thereof irrespective of the fact that any one or more sections, subsections, sentences, clauses, phrases or portions be declared invalid or unconstitutional.

SECTION 4. This ordinance shall take effect and be in full force on and after 30 days from the date of its passage hereof. Before the expiration of 15 days after the adoption of this ordinance, it shall be published once in a newspaper of general circulation published in the County of San Luis Obispo, State of California, together with the names of the members of the Board of Supervisors voting for and against the ordinance.

INTRODUCED at a regular meeting of the Board day of, 2004, and PASSED AN Supervisors of the County of San Luis Obispo, State of Califor	l of Supervisors held on the ID ADOPTED by the Board of
Supervisors of the County of San Luis Obispo, State of Califor, 2004, by the following roll call vote, to wit:	nia, on the day of
AYES:	
NOES:	
ABSENT:	
ABSTAINING:	
	Chairman of the Board of Supervisors, County of San Luis Obispo, State of California
ATTEST:	State of Camornia
County Clerk and Ex-Officio Clerk of the Board of Supervisors County of San Luis Obispo, State of California	
[SEAL]	
ORDINANCE CODE PROVISIONS APPROVED AS TO FORM AND CODIFICATION:	
JAMES B. LINDHOLM, JR. County Counsel	
By: Deputy County Counsel	
Dated:	



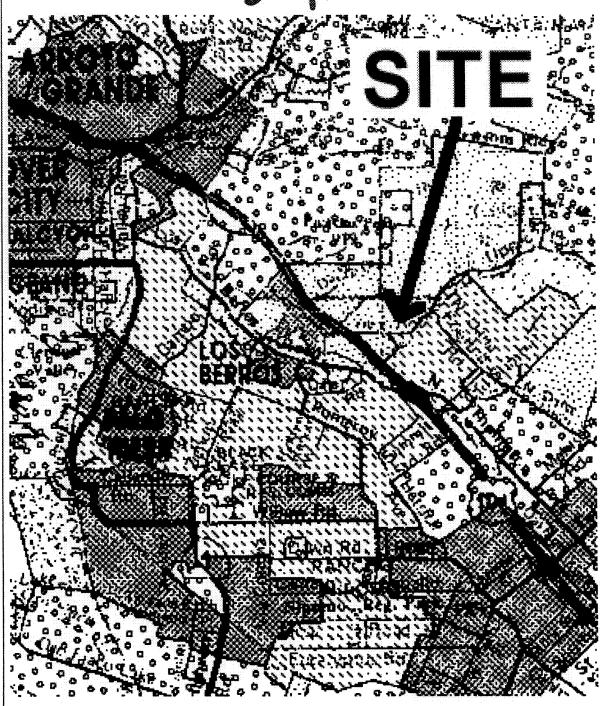


EXHIBIT G030009M:C

INITIATING A CHANGE TO THE AGRICULTURE AND OPEN SPACE ELEMENT OF THE GENERAL PLAN

CHANGE FROM:

AGRICULTURE TO LARGE LOT RURAL

SEJERA GENERAL PLAN AMENDMENT



GUIDELINES FOR LAND USE CATEGORY AMENDMENTS FRAMEWORK FOR PLANNING - PART I OF THE LAND USE ELEMENT

- 1. Existing planning policies. Whether the proposed land use category is consistent with the following:
 - a. Applicable policies in the various elements of the General Plan (Land Use, Open Space, Conservation, Circulation, Housing, Safety, Noise);
 - b. The general goals in Chapter 1 of Framework for Planning (Part I of the Land Use Element);
 - c. The purpose and character statements for land use categories in Section B, description of land use categories;
 - d. Uses listed in Table 2.2, list of allowable uses; and
 - e. The text, standards and maps of the area plans (Part II of the Land Use Element).
- Area character. Whether the proposed land use category is compatible with allowed land uses in surrounding land use categories. Whether the potential types of development resulting from a proposed amendment would adversely affect the existing or planned appearance of the countryside, neighborhood and style of development in the surrounding area.
- 3. Environmental impacts. The proposed amendment should not enable development that would cause potential significant adverse environmental impacts as determined through an environmental determination prepared by the Office of the Environmental Coordinator, unless such impacts can be adequately mitigated or a statement of overriding considerations can be adopted in accordance with the California Environmental Quality Act.
- 4. Accessibility/circulation. Whether the site of the proposed amendment is located with convenient access to a road system in the vicinity that is adequate to accommodate the traffic generated by the type and intensity of development allowed by the amendment.
- 5. Soils classification. Whether the proposed amendment gives consideration to protecting prime agricultural soils (SCS Class I and II, irrigated) for potential agricultural use. Proposals in other soil classifications should be reviewed together with other site features to determine if the proposed amendment could unnecessarily limit, reduce or eliminate potentially viable agricultural uses.
- 6. Slope and other terrain characteristics. Whether site terrain would be predominantly retained in its existing configuration by development enabled by the proposed amendment? Whether development resulting from the proposed amendment would retain the overall contour of a site such that more intensive development occurs on flatter land and low-density development is accommodated by steeper terrain.

- 7. Vegetation. Whether the proposed amendment enables development that would retain significant vegetation such as oak woodlands or other mature tree forests and native plant communities that provide wildlife habitat or include rare and endangered plant or animal species.
- 8. Hazards. Whether the proposed amendment has been evaluated with respect to potential building limitations due to flood, fire or geologic hazards, so that subsequent development will be feasible in relation to the uses allowed by the proposed amendment.
- 9. Existing parcel size and ownership patterns. Whether the proposed amendment enables development of a type and scale consistent with surrounding parcel sizes and ownership patterns.
- 10. Availability of public services and facilities. Whether the proposed amendment is located in an area with demonstrated availability of needed public services and facilities and, where applicable, whether it is suitable for on-site sewage disposal and has an adequate groundwater supply. To the extent that proposed amendments will create a demand for services, amendments in the urban and village areas should demonstrate that services for water supply, sewerage, streets, public safety, schools and parks are planned to be available within the horizon year of the applicable area plan, or a capital improvement program is in effect to provide for any such services that are currently deficient, or such services and facilities will be provided as a result of approved development following the amendment.
- 11. Land inventory. Whether the amendment, with the uses it would allow, is needed to provide a sufficient supply of land for the population of the community or area that is projected within planned resources, services and facilities.

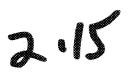


EXHIBIT E

PURPOSE AND CHARACTER STATEMENTS FRAMEWORK FOR PLANNING - PART I OF THE LAND USE ELEMENT RURAL RESIDENTIAL LAND USE CATEGORY

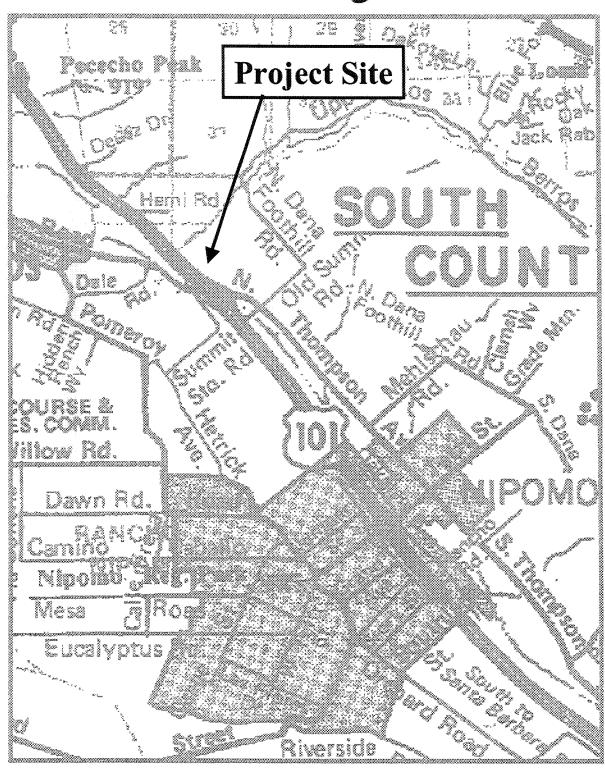
Purpose

- a. To provide for residential development at a low density compatible with a rural character and life-style which maintains the character of the open countryside and is compatible with surrounding agricultural uses.
- b. To allow limited, compatible non-residential uses commensurate with rural parcel sizes.
- c. To emphasize residential uses in areas where agriculture is clearly a secondary use, or where agriculture is not feasible yet large open space areas are maintained as part of a residential life-style.
- d. To encourage agricultural and other open space uses as part-time or incidental "hobby" activities, such as horse raising or specialty farming.

Character

- a. Areas of existing small-acreage parcels no more than three miles from urban reserve lines that are not commercially viable for agriculture, where the average parcel size within any contiguous area is below 19 acres.
- Areas that are outside of urban and village areas and connected to them by countymaintained roads, although exceptions may be observed for existing older subdivided areas.
- c. Areas with slopes generally less than 30%.
- d. Areas with marginal agricultural soils.
- Areas with a rural landscape high in visual quality (for example, woodlands, hills, rock formations, existing agriculture and ag accessory buildings) where clustering of allowed densities to less sensitive portions of a site is encouraged to be required through planning area standards.
- f. Areas generally free of fragile natural resources.
- g. Areas where growth will not be premature with respect to utility and public service capacities, or in conflict with agricultural, commercial, or industrial uses. Light agricultural uses are to be encouraged.
- h. Areas where horses and other similar farm animals are allowed accessory to residential uses.
- i. Areas where public services demands are limited, septic tanks and individual wells can suffice for required water and sewer capability.





Sejera Land Use Ordinance Amendment G030009M



Vicinity Map

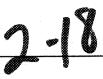
Exhibit 6: Negative Declaration



COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY SUMMARY - ENVIRONMENTAL CHECKLIST

Project Title & No. Sejera Land Use Ordinance Amendment ED04-052; GO30009F

ENVIR	ONMENTAL FACTORS	POTENTIALLY AFFEC	TED: The	proposed project	could have a	
"Poten	"Potentially Significant Impact" for at least one of the environmental factors checked below. Please refer to the attached pages for discussion on mitigation measures or project revisions to either reduce					
		icant levels or require fun		FJ (- 110,0110 to		
	thetics icultural Resources Quality	☐ Geology and Soils ☐ Hazards/Hazardous ☐ Noise	Materials	☒ Recreation☒ Transportation☒ Wastewater	/Circulation.	
⊠ Biol	logical Resources tural Resources	Population/Housing Public Services/Utilit	ies			
DETE	RMINATION: (To be com	pleted by the Lead Agend	cy)			
On the	basis of this initial evalu	ation, the Environmental	Coordinator	finds that:		
	The proposed project NEGATIVE DECLARAT	COULD NOT have a si ION will be prepared.	ignificant ef	ect on the enviro	nment, and a	
\boxtimes	be a significant effect i	project could have a signi n this case because rev ect proponent. A MITIC	isions in the	project have bee	n made by or	
		MAY have a signific ACT REPORT is required		on the environm	nent, and an	
	unless mitigated" impac analyzed in an earlier addressed by mitigation	MAY have a "potentially ton the environment, budocument pursuant to a measures based on the ENTAL IMPACT REPORtical addressed.	it at least or pplicable le le earlier an	ne effect 1) has be gal standards, and alysis as describe	en adequately 1 2) has been d on attached	
	potentially significant e NEGATIVE DECLARAT mitigated pursuant to the	project could have a sign effects (a) have been a lON pursuant to applicat nat earlier EIR or NEGA t are imposed upon the p	analyzed ad ole standard TIVE DECL	lequately in an e s, and (b) have be ARATION, includin	earlier EIR or een avoided or ig revisions or	
	Pedrotti	Bed for	ur		3/18/05	
Prepar	ed by (Print)	Signaturé			Date	
Hene	Milloders A	to Millett	Ellen Carı Environm	oll, ental Coordinator	3/7/05	
Review	ved by (Print)	` Signature	(fc	or)	¹ Date	



Project Environmental Analysis

The County's environmental review process incorporates all of the requirements for completing the Initial Study as required by the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) and the CEQA Guidelines. The Initial Study includes staff's on-site inspection of the project site and surroundings and a detailed review of the information in the file for the project. In addition, available background information is reviewed for each project. Relevant information regarding soil types and characteristics, geologic information, significant vegetation and/or wildlife resources, water availability, wastewater disposal services, existing land uses and surrounding land use categories and other information relevant to the environmental review process are evaluated for each project. Exhibit A includes the references used, as well as the agencies or groups that were contacted as a part of the Initial Study. The Environmental Division uses the checklist to summarize the results of the research accomplished during the initial environmental review of the project.

Persons, agencies or organizations interested in obtaining more information regarding the environmental review process for a project should contact the County of San Luis Obispo Environmental Division, Rm. 310, County Government Center, San Luis Obispo, CA, 93408-2040 or call (805) 781-5600.

A. PROJECT

DESCRIPTION: Request by Caroline Sejera for 1) an amendment to the South County (Inland) Area Plan of the Land Use Element by changing the land use category on an approximately 1.5-acre portion of a 30-acre parcel from Agriculture to Residential Rural, and 2) and amendment to the the Agriculture and Open Space Element land use map by changing the land use designation from Agriculture to Small Lot Rural. The site is located on the east side of Highway 101, approximately 1,400 feet north of the Los Berros/Thompson Road highway interchange. The site is in the South County (Inland) planning area.

ASSESSOR PARCEL NUMBER(S): 090-042-017

SUPERVISORIAL DISTRICT #4

B. EXISTING SETTING

PLANNING AREA: South County (Inland), Rural

LAND USE CATEGORY: Agriculture , Residential Rural

COMBINING DESIGNATION(S): None

EXISTING USES: Undeveloped

TOPOGRAPHY: Gently sloping to steeply sloping

VEGETATION: Oak woodland, forbs

PARCEL SIZE: 1.5 acre portion of a 30-acre parcel

SURROUNDING LAND USE CATEGORIES AND USES:

North: Agriculture; row crop production	East: Residential Rural; rural residential
South: Residential Rural; Highway 101	West: Agriculture; rural residential

2-19

C. ENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS

During the Initial Study process, several issues were identified as having potentially significant environmental effects (see following Initial Study). Those potentially significant items associated with the proposed uses can be minimized to less than significant levels.

COUNTY OF SAN LUIS OBISPO INITIAL STUDY CHECKLIST

1.	AESTHETICS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Create an aesthetically incompatible site open to public view?				
b)	Introduce a use within a scenic view open to public view?				
c)	Change the visual character of an area?				
d)	Create glare or night lighting which may affect surrounding areas?				
e)	Impact unique geological or physical features?			\boxtimes	
f)	Other				

Setting. The property within the Agriculture designation can be characterized as moderately sloping. The property is along a very prominent portion of Highway 101, and can be viewed traveling southbound on the highway. The surrounding areas contain mainly rural elements with oak trees and scattered residences.

Impact. Development will result in the permanent alteration in the appearance of the 1.5-acre site from vantage points along Highway 101. The intent of the proposed land use category change is to facilitate residential development on the larger parent parcel of approximately 30 acres. Residential uses will also likely generate light and glare impacts onto areas adjacent to the project site.

Mitigation/Conclusion. In order to maintain scenic views and the rural character along Highway 101, visual mitigation will include restricting the location of new residential development, including all access roads, to the least visible portion of the site. The applicant has agreed to complete a landscaping plan for each new future residence to show how landscaping and/ or retention of existing trees will screen structures from Highway 101. Landscaping should be primarily the retention of existing trees, and where necessary, faster growing evergreen shrubs and trees to preserve this rural character. Where possible, tree species should be native to the area. Such landscaping or retention of trees could also substantially reduce the direct light and glare from new residences. In addition, architectural elevations for each new residence showing colors and materials will be required. Building colors and materials shall blend with surrounding natural colors and/or screen the building from view.

2.70

2.	AGRICULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Convert prime agricultural land to non-agricultural use?				
b)	Impair agricultural use of other property or result in conversion to other uses?				
c)	Conflict with existing zoning or Williamson Act program?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other				
Set	t ing. The soil types include: Chamise nplex (30-75%), and Still gravelly sandy clay	shaly loam (9 / loam (0-2%)	9-30%), rock	outcrop-Lithic I	Haploxerolls
	described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the "no class is "II" to "VI".	n-irrigated" so	il class is "III"	to "VIII", and t	he "irrigated
we soi the res	pact. The project site has not historically be a suited for row crop production, however, a griculture production would not appear to northwest are currently used for row cropult from the proposed general plan amedicultural uses to the northwest.	because of the befeasible of production.	e limited amon n the project The resident	ount and distrit site. The adjac ial developmer	oution of the cent lands to nt that could
poi cor Sp	e proposed project was referred to the A cential impact the proposed project might had not not be a proposed general plan ame ace Element because of the limited acreage oitable structures (see attached letter dated)	nave on agricu endment was e e involved and	ultural resourd consistent wit I the use of a	ces. The Ag Co h the Agricultur	ommissioner re and Open
im _l tha	tigation/Conclusion. The applicant has a pact to agricultural resources to a level of in it proposed land divisions shall incorporate disclosure to purchasers of proposed parce tivities and hours of operation, and the County	nsignificance. agriculture bu els concerning	These includ ffers of betwe the nature of	e a planning a en 200 to 500 the neighboring	rea standard feet, as well
3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any state or federal ambient air quality standard, or exceed air quality emission thresholds as established by County Air Pollution				

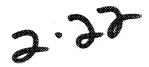
3.	AIR QUALITY - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
b)	Expose any sensitive receptor to substantial air pollutant concentrations?				
c)	Create or subject individuals to objectionable odors?				
d)	Be inconsistent with the District's Clean Air Plan?				
a)	Other		П		

Setting. Potential future residential development will generate additional vehicle trips. Future grading for development will result in both short-term vehicle emissions and the creation of dust during construction. The project site is located in the South County Air Quality Mitigation (SCAQM) fee area. Each new residence(s) will be subject to the South County Air Quality Mitigation fee, which is intended to partially mitigate the cumulative effects of new residential development within the South County planning area. This program funds several strategies within the South County to improve air quality and reduce single-occupant vehicles, by: attracting transit ridership through regional bus stop improvements, encouraging carpooling through park-and-ride lot improvements and ridesharing advertising, promoting the use of bicycles through bike lane installation, reducing dust through limited road paving of several unpaved roads, and by providing electronic information/services locally to reduce vehicle trip lengths.

In 1994, the South County Area Plan was adopted and associated EIR certified. A part of that analysis, a cumulative assessment of the buildout impacts of the planning area was completed, which included the ultimate breakdown of the subject property as is currently proposed. While cumulative impacts to air quality was identified in the EIR as potentially significant and unavoidable, the findings recognized that the existing cumulative air quality mitigation program, combined with a slight improvement over the previous Area Plan buildout would offset some of these impacts.

The project was referred to the Air Pollution Control District (APCD). The APCD Clean Air Plan includes land use management strategies to guide decisionmakers on land use approaches that result in improved air quality. This development is somewhat inconsistent with the "Planning Compact Communities" strategy, where increasing development densities within urban areas is preferable over increasing densities in rural areas. Increasing densities in rural areas results in longer single-occupant vehicle trips and increases emissions. In this instance, this partial inconsistency is not considered significant for the following reasons: 1) the proposed density of this project is still consistent with what was assumed in the last update of the Clean Air Plan which, based in part on this density, approved the necessary control measures to achieve acceptable air quality attainment in the future; and 2) standard forecast modeling (e.g., ARB URBEMIS2001) identifies that vehicles in the near future will produce substantially lower emissions (e.g., use of electric, hybrid and advanced technology vehicles). Based on the above discussion, given the smaller number of potential new residences, both individual and cumulative impacts are expected to be less than significant as it relates to the Clean Air Plan land use strategies.

Impact. As proposed, the project will result in the future disturbance of an unknown amount of land for future residential development. This will result in the creation of construction dust, as well as



short- and long-term vehicle emissions. Based on Table 1-1 of the CEQA Air Quality Handbook, the project will result in less than 10 lbs./day of pollutants, which is below thresholds warranting any mitigation. The project is consistent with the general level of development anticipated and projected in the Clean Air Plan. No significant air quality impacts are expected to occur.

Mitigation/Conclusion. No additional mitigation measures are necessary.

4.	BIOLOGICAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in a loss of unique or special status species or their habitats?				
b)	Reduce the extent, diversity or quality of native or other important vegetation?				
c)	Impact wetland or riparian habitat?			\boxtimes	
d)	Introduce barriers to movement of resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or factors which could hinder the normal activities of wildlife?				
e)	Other				
lates	ing. The following habitats were observed to California Diversity database and other leats were identified:	d on the propo biological refe	osed project: rences, the fo		Based on the or sensitive
Plan	ts: Wells's Manzanita and Sand Mes	sa Manzanita.			
Wild	life: California Red Legged Frog and Dur	ne Larkspur			
Habi	tats: Potential Pismo Clarkia habitat on	property. With	nin the Santa I	Barbara vernal	pool

Impact. A Biological Screening Report was prepared for the site (Jenesis, 2003). The report identified that the site may support a number of sensitive native vegetation, significant wildlife habitats, or special status species, including Pismo clarkia, Santa Lucia manzanita, Pecho manzanita, Santa Margarita manzanita, Sand Mesa Manzanita, Cambria morning glory, Obispo Indian paintbrush, leafy tarplant, black-flowered figwort, coast live oaks, and nesting migratory birds.

Mitigation/Conclusion. The applicant has agreed to conduct a comprehensive biological survey report prepared by a County approved biologist to determine the existence of sensitive species on the site, including California Red-Legged Frog, rare plants, and coast live oaks. In the event that sensitive species are found on the site, the applicant has agreed to full avoidance of any construction, grading, or vegetation removal activities where those resources are found. The mitigation measures will reduce the potential impact to biological resources to a level of insignificance.

region.

2-23

5.	CULTURAL RESOURCES - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Disturb pre-historic resources?				
b)	Disturb historic resources?				
c)	Disturb paleontological resources?			\boxtimes	
d)	Other				
histori Impa cultur on th	ng. The project is located in an area ric structures are present and no paleonto act. A Phase One Archaeological Surface ral resources on the site (Gibson; September project site. Based on the negative firely to occur as a result of the proposed pro	ological resource Survey was ber 2003). No ndings of the i	ces are known conducted to evidence of c	to exist in the determine the pultural materials	area. cotential for s was noted
cons Use	pation/Conclusion. In the event subsur truction, the applicant has agreed to halt v Ordinance. Based on the above discuss ional mitigation measures are necessary.	vork pursuant	to Section 22.	10.040 of the C	County Land
6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in exposure to or production of unstable earth conditions, such as landslides, earthquakes, liquefaction, ground failure, land subsidence or other similar hazards?				
b)	Be within a CA Dept. of Mines & Geology Earthquake Fault Zone (formerly Alquist Priolo)?				
c)	Result in soil erosion, topographic changes, loss of topsoil or unstable soil conditions from project-related improvements, such as vegetation removal, grading, excavation, or fill?				
d)	Change rates of soil absorption, or amount or direction of surface runoff?			\boxtimes	
e)	Include structures located on expansive soils?				

2-24

6.	GEOLOGY AND SOILS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
f)	Change the drainage patterns where substantial on- or off-site sedimentation/ erosion or flooding may occur?				
g)	Involve activities within the 100-year flood zone?				
h)	Be inconsistent with the goals and policies of the County's Safety Element relating to Geologic and Seismic Hazards?				
i)	Preclude the future extraction of valuable mineral resources?				
j)	Other			cteanly aloning	The area

Setting. GEOLOGY - The topography of the project is gently sloping to steeply sloping. The area proposed for development is outside of the Geologic Study Area designation. The landslide risk potential is considered low to moderate. The liquefaction potential during a ground-shaking event is considered low to high. A potentially capable fault is known to exist on the subject property. The project is not within a known area containing serpentine or ultramafic rock or soils.

DRAINAGE – The area proposed for development is outside the 100-year Flood Hazard designation. The closest creek from the proposed development is approximately 508 feet to the north. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil is considered not well to moderately drained.

SEDIMENTATION AND EROSION - The soil types include: Chamise shally loam (9-30%), rock outcrop-Lithic Haploxerolls complex (30-75%), and Still gravelly sandy clay loam (0-2%)

As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered to have low to moderate erodibility, and low to moderate shrink-swell characteristics.

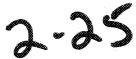
Impact. As proposed, the project will result in the future disturbance of an unknown amount of ground for future residential development. Onsite erosion and sedimentation may occur during future grading activities, resulting in a potentially significant impact.

Mitigation/Conclusion. To mitigate for potential erosion and sedimentation impacts, the applicant has agreed to submit and implement an erosion and sedimentation control plan pursuant to Section 22.52.090 of the County Land Use Ordinance with future land division applications. Implementation of this plan would reduce potential impacts to less than significant.

7. HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:

Potentially Significant Impact can & will be mitigated Insignificant Impact

Not Applicable



	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
7.	HAZARDS & HAZARDOUS MATERIALS - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Result in a risk of explosion or release of hazardous substances (e.g. oil, pesticides, chemicals, radiation) or exposure of people to hazardous substances?				
b)	Interfere with an emergency response or evacuation plan?			\boxtimes	
c)	Expose people to safety risk associated with airport flight pattern?				
d)	Increase fire hazard risk or expose people or structures to high fire hazard conditions?		\boxtimes		
e)	Create any other health hazard or potential hazard?				
f)	Other				
Setti proje area.	ng. The project is not located in an act is within a moderate severity risk are	area of known h ea for fire. The	azardous mat project is not	erial contamin within the Airp	ation. The ort Review
used proje	ct. The project does not propose the u in the operation of the adjacent agricu ct does not present a significant fire sai nal evacuation plan. CDF identified th urces Code to be developed to avoid the	Itural operations, fety risk. The pro le need for secol	such as pest oject is not ex ndary access	icides and ferti pected to confl as required by	lizers. The ict with any the Public
condi acces buffe	ation/Conclusion. To minimize the itions, the applicant will be required to ss will be required for future land divisions to mitigate potential impacts from a deduce the potential impact to a level of in	provide a plannir on applications. Ijacent agricultura	ng area stand The applicant	ard stating that has agreed to	secondary agricultural
8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable

 \boxtimes

 \boxtimes

Expose people to noise levels which exceed the County Noise Element

Generate increases in the ambient

noise levels for adjoining areas?

thresholds?

a)

b)

2.	26
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8.	NOISE - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
c)	Expose people to severe noise or vibration?				
d)	Other				

Setting/Impact. The property is along a very prominent portion of Highway 101, and future residential development may be impacted by noise generated from this stationary noise source. Portions of the property may be within the area above the maximum acceptable noise levels defined in the County Noise Element. An acoustical study was conducted to determine the potential for noise impacts on the site (Lord; December 2003). The survey identified

Mitigation/Conclusion. To minimize the potential noise impacts from the adjacent Highway 101, the applicant has agreed to a planning area standard that requires a noise report prepared by a County approved acoustical consultant to determine the existing and future noise levels on the site. The applicant has agreed to building setbacks that will restrict residential development outside of the 60 decibel or above noise contour. The mitigation measures will reduce the potential impact to a level of insignificance.

9.	POPULATION/HOUSING - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Induce substantial growth in an area either directly or indirectly (e.g., through projects in an undeveloped area or extension of major infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace existing housing or people, requiring construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
c)	Create the need for substantial new housing in the area?				
d)	Use substantial amount of fuel or energy?				
e)	Other				

Setting. In its efforts to provide for affordable housing, the county currently administers a Community Development Block Grant Program, which provides grants to projects relating to affordable housing throughout the county.

Impact. The project would allow for the future development of up to 5-7 new residences, and will not result in a need for a significant amount of new housing, and will not displace existing housing.



Mitigation/Conclusion. No significant population and housing impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

10.	PUBLIC SERVICES/UTILITIES - Will the project have an effect upon, or result in the need for new or altered public services in any of the following areas:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Fire protection?		\boxtimes		
b)	Police protection (e.g., Sheriff, CHP)?		\boxtimes		
c)	Schools?		\boxtimes		
d)	Roads?		\boxtimes		
e)	Solid Wastes?				
f)	Other public facilities?				
g)	Other				
the s propo Impa for th Mitig	ary emergency responders. The closest Couth. The closest Sheriff substation is in osed project. The project is located in the least. The project direct and cumulative impare subject property that was used to estima ation/Conclusion. Public facility and schools direct and cumulative impacts, and was direct and cumulative impacts, and was at the country of the count	Oceano, who ucia Mar Unit acts are within te the fees in the cool fee programmed.	ich is approxiried School Dis the general asplace. rams have bee	nately 7.6 mile trict. ssumptions of a	s from the
11.	RECREATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase the use or demand for parks or other recreation opportunities?				
b)	Affect the access to trails, parks or other recreation opportunities?				
c)	Other				
Setti The p	ng. The County Trails Plan shows that a poroject is not proposed in a location that wi	ootential trail d	oes not go throail, park or othe	ough the proposer recreational r	sed project. esource.

Prior to map recordation for any future subdivisions, county ordinance requires the payment of a fee (Quimby) for the improvement or development of neighborhood or community parks.

resources.

2-28

Mitigation/Conclusion. The "Quimby" fee associated with any future residential development will adequately mitigate the project's impact on recreational facilities. No significant recreation impacts are anticipated, and no mitigation measures are necessary.

12.	TRANSPORTATION/ CIRCULATION - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Increase vehicle trips to local or areawide circulation system?				
b)	Reduce existing "Levels of Service" on public roadway(s)?				
c)	Create unsafe conditions on public roadways (e.g., limited access, design features, sight distance, slow vehicles)?				
d)	Provide for adequate emergency access?				
e)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?			\boxtimes	
f)	Result in inadequate internal traffic circulation?				
g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., pedestrian access, bus turnouts, bicycle racks, etc.)?				
h)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns that may result in substantial safety risks?				
i)	Other				

Setting. Future development will access onto the following public road(s): Cimarron Way. The identified roadway is operating at acceptable levels. Referrals were sent to Public Works/Caltrans.

Impact. The proposed project is to change the land use category on a 1.5-acre portion of a 30-acre parent parcel. The project itself will generate a minimal amount of traffic, but will provide the ability for future subdivision that is estimated to generate between 50 and 70 trips per day, based on the Institute of Traffic Engineer's manual of 10/unit. This small amount of additional traffic will not result in a significant change to the existing road service levels or traffic safety. County Public Works identified the need for secondary access to be developed to avoid the creation of a long dead-end access to the project site.

Mitigation/Conclusion. To minimize impacts to transportation and circulation associated with safety



in the vicinity, the applicant will be required to provide a planning area standard stating that secondary access will be required for future land division applications. The mitigation measures will reduce the potential impact to a level of insignificance.

13.	WASTEWATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate waste discharge requirements or Central Coast Basin Plan criteria for wastewater systems?				
b)	Change the quality of surface or ground water (e.g., nitrogen-loading, daylighting)?				
c)	Adversely affect community wastewater service provider?				
d)	Other				

Setting. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey (se Geology section for soil types), the main limitations for on-site wastewater systems relates to: poor filtering characteristics, slow percolation and/or steep slopes,. These limitations are summarized as follows:

Poor Filtering Characteristics – due to the very permeable soil; without special engineering, larger separations will be required between the leach lines and the groundwater basin to provide adequate filtering of the effluent; to achieve compliance with the Central Coast Basin Plan, depth to groundwater information will need to be provided at the building permit stage.

Steep Slopes – where portions of the soil unit contain slopes steep enough to result in potential daylighting of wastewater effluent. To comply with the Central Coast Basin Plan, additional information is needed prior to issuance of a building permit, such as slope comparison with leach line depths, to show that there is no potential of effluent "daylighting" to the ground surface.

Slow Percolation – is where fluid percolates too slowly through the soil for the natural processes to effectively break down the effluent into harmless components. The Basin Plan identifies the percolation rate should be less than 120 minutes per inch. To achieve compliance with the Central Coast Basin Plan, additional information will be needed prior to issuance of a building permit that shows the leach area can adequately percolate to achieve this threshold.

Impact. The project proposes to use on-site systems as its means to dispose wastewater. County Environmental Health has reviewed the project and determined that the area has very poor soils for on-site septic systems due to very slow percolation rates.

Mitigation/Conclusion. At the time of future land division applications, a letter will be required from County Environmental Health indicating that preliminary evidence exists on-site to support septic systems. Septic systems will be evaluated in greater detail to insure compliance with the Central Coast Basin Plan for any constraints listed above, and will not be approved if Basin Plan criteria cannot be met. Soil borings at each proposed leach line location showing adequate separation shall be submitted.

2.30

14.	WATER - Will the project:	Potentially Significant	Impact can & will be mitigated	Insignificant Impact	Not Applicable
a)	Violate any water quality standards?			\boxtimes	
b)	Discharge into surface waters or otherwise alter surface water quality (e.g., turbidity, temperature, dissolved oxygen, etc.)?				
c)	Change the quality of groundwater (e.g., saltwater intrusion, nitrogenloading, etc.)?				
d)	Change the quantity or movement of available surface or ground water?				a constant
e)	Adversely affect community water service provider?			\boxtimes	
f)	Other				

Setting. The project proposes to use on-site wells as its water source. County Environmental Health has reviewed the project and determined that the area has limited water supply potential.

The topography of the project is nearly level. The closest creek from the proposed development is approximately 508 feet away. As described in the NRCS Soil Survey, the soil surface is considered to have low to moderate erodibility.

impact. As proposed, the project will result in the disturbance of an unknown amount of acreage. Based on the project description of changing the land use category on a 1.5-acre portion of a 30-acre parent parcel, as shown below, a reasonable "worst case" indoor water usage would likely be between 5.9 acre feet/year (AFY) and 8.26 acre feet/year (AFY) given that the proposed project may spur a future subdivision of 5-7 lots on the parent 30-acre parcel.

5-7 residential lots (w/primary (0.85 afy) & secondary (0.33 afy) X 5-7 lots) = 5.9 to 8.26 afy Source: "City of Santa Barbara Water Demand Factor & Conservation Study "User Guide" (Aug., 1989)

The project proposes to use on-site wells as its water source. County Environmental Health has reviewed the project and determined that the area has limited water supply potential. Well pump tests will be required with future subdivisions to determine the availability of water for future residential development.

Mitigation/Conclusion. At the time of future land division applications, the applicant has agreed to provide well pump tests on individual lots to determine the availability of water for future residential development for review and approval from the County Environmental Health Department. The applicant shall provide a letter from County Environmental Health indicating that preliminary evidence of water supply exists on-site.

15. LAND USE - Will the project: Inconsistent Potentially Consistent Not Inconsistent Applicable

2.31

LAND USE - Will the project:	Inconsistent	Potentially Inconsistent	Consistent	Not Applicable
Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects?				
Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan?				
Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project?				
Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?				
Other				
	use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects? Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan? Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project? Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?	use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects? Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan? Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project? Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?	Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects? Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan? Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project? Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?	Be potentially inconsistent with land use, policy/regulation (e.g., general plan [county land use element and ordinance], local coastal plan, specific plan, Clean Air Plan, etc.) adopted to avoid or mitigate for environmental effects? Be potentially inconsistent with any habitat or community conservation plan? Be potentially inconsistent with adopted agency environmental plans or policies with jurisdiction over the project? Be potentially incompatible with surrounding land uses?

Setting/Impact. Surrounding uses are identified on Page 2 of the Initial Study. The proposed project was reviewed for consistency with policy and/or regulatory documents relating to the environment and appropriate land use (e.g., County Land Use Ordinance, Local Coastal Plan, etc.). Referrals were sent to outside agencies to review for policy consistencies (e.g., CDF for Fire Code, APCD for Clean Air Plan, etc.). The project was found to be consistent with these documents (refer also to Exhibit A on reference documents used).

The project is not within or adjacent to a Habitat Conservation Plan area. The project is consistent or compatible with the surrounding uses as summarized on page 2 of this Initial Study with the addition of agricultural buffers during the land subdivision process.

Mitigation/conclusion. The applicant has agreed to mitigation measures to reduce the potential impact to agricultural resources on adjacent property to a level of insignificance. These include a planning area standard that proposed land divisions shall incorporate agriculture buffers, as well as disclosure to purchasers of proposed parcels concerning the nature of the neighboring agricultural activities and hours of operation, and the County's Right to Farm Ordinance.

16. MANDATORY FINDINGS OF SIGNIFICANCE - Will the project: Potentially Significant & Will be mitigated | Impact can & Insignificant & Not | Impact can & Impact

 a) Have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below selfsustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, reduce the number 2-32

	or restrict the range of a rare or end eliminate important examples of the California history or prehistory?		nimal or		
b)	Have impacts that are individually lin considerable? ("Cumulatively cons incremental effects of a project are connection with the effects of past p current project's, and the effects of	iderable" means the considerable when	hat the viewed in		
	probable future projects)		\boxtimes		
c)	Have environmental effects which was adverse effects on human beings, eit indirectly?		ial	\boxtimes	
Co	r further information on CEQA or the county's web site at "www.sloplanning.ovironmental Resources Evaluation Stations" for information about the Califor	rg" under "Enviror System at "http:/	nmental Revie //ceres.ca.gov/	w", or the	California

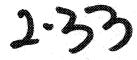
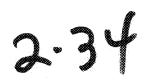


Exhibit A - Initial Study References and Agency Contacts

The County Planning or Environmental Division have contacted various agencies for their comments on the proposed project. With respect to the subject application, the following have been contacted (marked with an 🖂) and when a response was made, it is either attached or in the application file:

Cont	<u>acted</u> <u>Agenc</u>	·Y	<u>Re</u>	<u>sponse</u>
\boxtimes	County P	ublic Works Department	Att	tached
\boxtimes	County E	nvironmental Health Division	Att	tached
\boxtimes	County A	gricultural Commissioner's Office	e Att	tached
	County A	rport Manager	No	ot Applicable
	Airport La	nd Use Commission	No	ot Applicable
\boxtimes	Air Polluti	on Control District	Att	tached
	County S	heriff's Department	No	ot Applicable
	Regional	Water Quality Control Board	No	ot Applicable
	CA Coast	al Commission	No	ot Applicable
	CA Depa	tment of Fish and Game	No	ot Applicable
	CA Depa	rtment of Forestry	No	ot Applicable
\boxtimes	CA Depa	tment of Transportation	No	one
\boxtimes	NipomoC	ommunity Service District	No	one
\boxtimes	Other	County Parks and Recreation	In	File**
\boxtimes	Other	Lucia Mar School District	No	one
	** "No commer	t" or "No concerns"-type respon	ses are u	usually not attached
⊠ Cour	Project File for	the Subject Application		South County (Inland) Area Plan and Update EIR
	Airport Land Us			Circulation Study
\boxtimes		ce Summary Report	<u>Oth</u>	her documents
H	Coastal Policies	onstruction Ordinance	岗	Archaeological Resources Map Area of Critical Concerns Map
\bowtie	· ·	Planning (Coastal & Inland)		Areas of Special Biological
\boxtimes	General Plan (I	nland & Coastal), including all	-	Importance Map
	•	ents; more pertinent elements	\boxtimes	California Natural Species Diversity Database
	considered in	e & Open Space Element	\boxtimes	Clean Air Plan
	Energy E		\boxtimes	Fire Hazard Severity Map
		ent Plan (Conservation,	\boxtimes	Flood Hazard Maps
	Historic a	nd Esthetic Elements)	X	Natural Resources Conservation Service Soil Survey for SLO County
	Noise Ele		\boxtimes	Regional Transportation Plan
	Parks & F	Recreation Element	\boxtimes	Uniform Fire Code
C 3	Safety Ele		\boxtimes	Water Quality Control Plan (Central
Ä	Land Use Ordin	nance Division Ordinance	\boxtimes	Coast Basin – Region 3) GIS mapping layers (e.g., habitat,
Image: Control of the	Trails Plan			streams, contours, etc.)
\Box	Solid Waste Ma	inagement Plan		Other



In addition, the following project specific information and/or reference materials have been considered as a part of the Initial Study:

Gibson, Robert. September 25, 2003. Results of Phase One Archaeological Surface Survey and Archival Record Search for the Hernandez 30 Acre Parcel (APN #090-042-017) NW of Thompson Road and East of Highway 101, San Luis Obispo County, CA.

Jenesis Ecological Services. November 2003. Biological Screening Report.

Lord, David Ph.D. December 3, 2003. Noise Measurement, Analysis, and Mitigation Recommendations, Hernandez Tract, Nipomo, for Proposed Residential Development, Nipomo, County of San Luis Obispo, California.

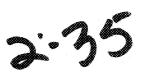


Exhibit B - Mitigation Summary Table

Aesthetics

- VS-1 At the time of land division application, the applicant shall clearly delineate the building control lines on the project plans. The building control lines shall be located in the least visible portion of the site consistent with the protection of other resources. All new residential development shall be located within the building control lines.
- VS-2 At the time of construction applications, the applicant shall submit architectural elevations of all proposed structures to the Department of Planning and Building for review and approval in consultation with the Environmental Coordinator. The elevations shall show exterior finish materials, colors, and height above the existing natural ground surface. Colors shall minimize the structure massing of new development by reducing the contrast between the proposed development and the surrounding environment. Colors shall be compatible with the natural colors of the surrounding environment, including vegetation, rock outcrops, etc.. Darker, non-reflective, earth tone colors shall be selected for walls, chimneys etc. and darker green, grey, slate blue, or brown colors for the roof structures. All structures shall have a maximum building height of 25 feet above natural grade.
- VS-3 At the time of construction applications, the applicant shall submit a landscaping plan for each new future residence to show how landscaping and/or retention of existing trees will screen structures from Highway 101. Landscaping shall be primarily retention of existing trees, and where necessary, faster growing evergreen shrubs and trees to preserve the rural character.

Agriculture

- AG-1 Prior to transfer of the parcels created by future subdivisions, the applicant shall disclose to prospective buyers, of all parcels created by the future proposal, the consequences of existing and potential intensive agricultural operations on adjacent parcels including, but not limited to: dust, noise, odors and agricultural chemicals and the county's Right to Farm and Leash ordinances currently in effect at the time said deed(s) are recorded.
- AG-2 The design of the proposed land division shall incorporate agriculture buffers within a range of 200 to 500 feet and site design consistent with the County's Agriculture and Open Space Element. Future subdivision applications shall be referred to the County Department of Agriculture for review and recommendation of the specific agriculture buffer required.

Biological Resources

BR-1 At the time of land division application, the applicant shall submit a comprehensive botanical survey report prepared by a County approved biologist, in compliance with CDFG guidelines, and conducted during the flowering period. The report shall include survey findings, a map showing the location of any sensitive and special-status plant species. The design of the proposed land division shall provide for full avoidance of any sensitive and special-status species, including prohibiting any construction, grading, or vegetation removal activities where those resources are found.

2.36

Hazards

H-1 At the time of land division application, the applicant will comply with all necessary requirements of CDF for the project site.

Noise

N-1 At the time of land division application, the applicant shall clearly delineate the building control lines on the project plans. The building control lines shall be located outside of the 60 dbA or less areas. All new residential development shall be located within the building control lines.

Wastewater

- WW-1 **At the time of land division application**, a letter will be required from County Environmental Health indicating that preliminary evidence exists on-site to support septic systems.
- WW-2 **At the time of land division application**, soil borings at each proposed leach line location showing adequate separation, or if inadequate separation, plans for an engineered wastewater system shall be submitted.

Water

W-1 At the time of land division application, a letter will be required from County Environmental Health indicating that preliminary evidence of water supply exists on-site to support future residential development.

Exhibit H: Ag Comm. Commonts





Department of Agriculture/Measurement Standards

2156 SIERRA WAY, SUITE A • SAN LUIS OBISPO, CALIFORNIA 93401-4556 ROBERT F. LILLEY (805) 781-5910 AGRICULTURAL COMMISSIONER/SEALER FAX (805) 781-1035 AgCommSLO@co.slo.ca.us

DATE:

April 8, 2004

TO:

Brian Pedrotti, Planner III

FROM:

Lynda L. Auchinachie, Environmental Resource Specialist

SUBJECT:

Sejera General Plan Amendment G030009F

Executive Summary

The proposed general plan amendment is consistent with policy 24 of the Agriculture and Open Space Element because of the limited acreage involved and the use of agricultural buffers for future habitable structures.

The following report is in response to your request for comments on the proposed Sejera General Plan Amendment. The comments and recommendations in our report are based on agricultural policies in the San Luis Obispo County Agriculture and Open Space Element and current departmental goals to conserve agriculture resources and to provide for public health, safety and welfare while mitigating negative impacts of development to agriculture.

A. Project Description and Agricultural Setting

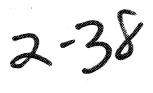
The applicant is requesting to change the Land Use Category on approximately 1.50 acres from Agriculture to Residential Rural to allow for future subdivision of the 30 acre parent parcel. The project site has not historically been used for agricultural production. The adjacent lands to the northwest are currently used for row crop production. The 1.50 acre project site consists of Class III irrigated/Class III non irrigated soil. It appears the current Agriculture land use designation is related to the location of the prime soil.

B. Evaluation of Agricultural Issues

Introduction

Our evaluation and comments concerning the general plan amendment authorization are in the context of consistency with the Agricultural Policy 24 of the Agriculture and Open Space Element concerning the conversion of Agricultural land. The criteria and procedures for RECEIVED

Sejera General Plan Amendment April 8, 2004 Page 2



incorporating Agricultural Policy 24 into the evaluation of general plan amendments proposals have not been codified. However, the policy language provides sufficient guidelines and criteria for the review of general plan amendment proposals. Both the agricultural capability of the subject property and impacts to adjacent agricultural lands are considered. Projects which lead to the conversion of land capable of production agriculture, or causes a direct or indirect impact to adjacent agricultural lands are not supported.

1. Agricultural Capability

The list of criteria from Agricultural Policy 24 concerning agricultural capability is as follow:

- the land does not meet the criteria for inclusion in the Agriculture designation in this plan of the Land Use Element; and
- agriculture production is not feasible due to some physical constraint (such as soil infertility, lack of water resource, disease) or surrounding incompatible land uses; and
- adjacent lands are already substantially developed with use that are incompatible with agricultural uses;

Land Use Designation

The land use designation map which accompanies the Agriculture and Open Space Element has this property mapped Agriculture. The primary reason for inclusion within the Agriculture designation appears to be the land capability of Class II irrigated/Class III non irrigated soil. The project site would meet the soil criteria for an Agriculture designation, however, because of the limited amount of Class II soil and existing parcel configuration, the project site would not appear to meet the overall criteria for inclusion in the Agriculture category.

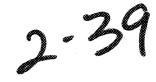
Agricultural Resources

Class II irrigated soil is well suited for row crop production, however, because of the limited amount and distribution of the soil, agriculture production would not appear to be feasible on the project site.

Adjacent Land Use Pattern

The area to the northwest of the project site is designated as Agriculture and is currently used for row crop production. Scattered rural home sites, within the Residential Rural land use category, are located east and southeast of the site. Highway 101 is located to the southwest. The parent parcel of the project site is predominately within the Residential Rural land use category and consists of dense oak woodland. The applicant is requesting the land use change to allow for intensified residential development of the parent parcel.

Sejera General Plan Amendment April 8, 2004 Page 3



2. Impacts to Adjacent Agricultural Lands

The criterion from Agricultural Policy 24 concerning impacts to adjacent agricultural lands is as follow:

the conversion to non-agricultural use shall not adversely affect existing or potential agricultural production on surrounding lands that will remain designated Agriculture;

The residential development that could result from the proposed general plan amendment may be incompatible and impact adjacent agricultural uses to the northwest. The Agriculture and Open Space Element, Agricultural Policy 17: Agricultural Buffers, promotes the protection of land in the Agricultural designation and/or land with agricultural production using buffers in accordance with the agricultural buffer policy. There is significant existing irrigated row crop production adjacent to the project site. Buffer ranges for irrigated row crops range from 200 - 500 feet. Agricultural buffers and other mitigation measures will need to be determined by the Agriculture Department before any subdivision or future development of the parent parcel occurs.

If we can be of further assistance please call, 781-5914.

L:\Auchinachie-Land Use Files\General Plan Amendments\Sejera Ag to RR\Final response.wpd